

ANNEX I
SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 20 mg telmisartan.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 40 mg telmisartan.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 80 mg telmisartan.

Excipients with known effect

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 21.4 mg sorbitol (E420)

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 42.8 mg sorbitol (E420)

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
Each tablet contains 85.6 mg sorbitol (E420)

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Tablet

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
White to off white, oval shaped tablet; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7458".

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
White to off white, oval shaped tablet; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7459".

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
White to off white, oval shaped tablet; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7460".

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic indications

Hypertension

Treatment of essential hypertension in adults.

Cardiovascular prevention

Reduction of cardiovascular morbidity in adults with:

- manifest atherothrombotic cardiovascular disease (history of coronary heart disease, stroke, or peripheral arterial disease) or
- type 2 diabetes mellitus with documented target organ damage

4.2 Posology and method of administration

Posology

Treatment of essential hypertension

The usually effective dose is 40 mg once daily. Some patients may already benefit at a daily dose of 20 mg. In cases where the target blood pressure is not achieved, the dose of telmisartan can be increased to a maximum of 80 mg once daily. Alternatively, telmisartan may be used in combination with thiazide-type diuretics such as hydrochlorothiazide, which have been shown to have an additive blood pressure lowering effect with telmisartan. When considering raising the dose, it must be borne in mind that the maximum antihypertensive effect is generally attained four to eight weeks after the start of treatment (see section 5.1).

Cardiovascular prevention

The recommended dose is 80 mg once daily. It is not known whether doses lower than 80 mg of telmisartan are effective in reducing cardiovascular morbidity.

When initiating telmisartan therapy for the reduction of cardiovascular morbidity, close monitoring of blood pressure is recommended, and if appropriate adjustment of medications that lower blood pressure may be necessary.

Special populations

Renal impairment

Limited experience is available in patients with severe renal impairment or haemodialysis.

A lower starting dose of 20 mg is recommended in these patients (see section 4.4). No posology adjustment is required for patients with mild to moderate renal impairment.

Hepatic impairment

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is contraindicated in patients with severe hepatic impairment (see section 4.3).

In patients with mild to moderate hepatic impairment, the posology should not exceed 40 mg once daily (see section 4.4).

Elderly

No dose adjustment is necessary for elderly patients.

Paediatric population

The safety and efficacy of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in children and adolescents aged below 18 have not been established.

Currently available data are described in section 5.1 and 5.2 but no recommendation on a posology can be made.

Method of administration

Telmisartan tablets are for once-daily oral administration and should be taken with liquid, with or without food.

4.3 Contraindications

- Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients listed in section 6.1
- Second and third trimester of pregnancy (see sections 4.4 and 4.6)
- Biliary obstructive disorders

- Severe hepatic impairment

The concomitant use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma with aliskiren-containing products is contraindicated in patients with diabetes mellitus or renal impairment (GFR < 60 ml/min/1.73 m²) (see sections 4.5 and 5.1).

4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

Pregnancy

Angiotensin II receptor antagonists should not be initiated during pregnancy. Unless continued angiotensin II receptor antagonist therapy is considered essential, patients planning pregnancy should be changed to alternative anti-hypertensive treatments which have an established safety profile for use in pregnancy. When pregnancy is diagnosed, treatment with angiotensin II receptor antagonists should be stopped immediately, and, if appropriate, alternative therapy should be started (see sections 4.3 and 4.6).

Hepatic impairment

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not to be given to patients with cholestasis, biliary obstructive disorders or severe hepatic impairment (see section 4.3) since telmisartan is mostly eliminated with the bile. These patients can be expected to have reduced hepatic clearance for telmisartan. Telmisartan Teva Pharma should be used only with caution in patients with mild to moderate hepatic impairment.

Renovascular hypertension

There is an increased risk of severe hypotension and renal insufficiency when patients with bilateral renal artery stenosis or stenosis of the artery to a single functioning kidney are treated with medicinal products that affect the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system.

Renal impairment and kidney transplantation

When Telmisartan Teva Pharma is used in patients with impaired renal function, periodic monitoring of potassium and creatinine serum levels is recommended. There is no experience regarding the administration of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in patients with recent kidney transplantation.

Intravascular hypovolaemia

Symptomatic hypotension, especially after the first dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma, may occur in patients who are volume and/or sodium depleted by vigorous diuretic therapy, dietary salt restriction, diarrhoea, or vomiting. Such conditions should be corrected before the administration of Telmisartan Teva Pharma. Volume and/or sodium depletion should be corrected prior to administration of Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

Dual blockade of the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system (RAAS)

There is evidence that the concomitant use of ACE-inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor blockers or aliskiren increases the risk of hypotension, hyperkalaemia and decreased renal function (including acute renal failure). Dual blockade of RAAS through the combined use of ACE-inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor blockers or aliskiren is therefore not recommended (see sections 4.5 and 5.1).

If dual blockade therapy is considered absolutely necessary, this should only occur under specialist supervision and subject to frequent close monitoring of renal function, electrolytes and blood pressure. ACE-inhibitors and angiotensin II receptor blockers should not be used concomitantly in patients with diabetic nephropathy.

Other conditions with stimulation of the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system

In patients whose vascular tone and renal function depend predominantly on the activity of the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system (e.g. patients with severe congestive heart failure or underlying renal disease, including renal artery stenosis), treatment with medicinal products that affect this system such as telmisartan has been associated with acute hypotension, hyperazotaemia, oliguria, or rarely acute renal failure (see section 4.8).

Primary aldosteronism

Patients with primary aldosteronism generally will not respond to antihypertensive medicinal products acting through inhibition of the renin-angiotensin system. Therefore, the use of telmisartan is not recommended.

Aortic and mitral valve stenosis, obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

As with other vasodilators, special caution is indicated in patients suffering from aortic or mitral stenosis, or obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.

Diabetic patients treated with insulin or antidiabetics

In these patients hypoglycaemia may occur under telmisartan treatment. Therefore, in these patients an appropriate blood glucose monitoring should be considered; a dose adjustment of insulin or antidiabetics may be required, when indicated.

Hyperkalaemia

The use of medicinal products that affect the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system may cause hyperkalaemia.

In the elderly, in patients with renal insufficiency, in diabetic patients, in patients concomitantly treated with other medicinal products that may increase potassium levels, and/or in patients with intercurrent events, hyperkalaemia may be fatal.

Before considering the concomitant use of medicinal products that affect the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system, the benefit risk ratio should be evaluated.

The main risk factors for hyperkalaemia to be considered are:

- Diabetes mellitus, renal impairment, age (>70 years)
- Combination with one or more other medicinal products that affect the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system and/or potassium supplements. Medicinal products or therapeutic classes of medicinal products that may provoke hyperkalaemia are salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicinal products (NSAIDs, including selective COX-2 inhibitors), heparin, immunosuppressives (cyclosporin or tacrolimus), and trimethoprim.
- Intercurrent events, in particular dehydration, acute cardiac decompensation, metabolic acidosis, worsening of renal function, sudden worsening of the renal condition (e.g. infectious diseases), cellular lysis (e.g. acute limb ischemia, rhabdomyolysis, extend trauma).

Close monitoring of serum potassium in at risk patients is recommended (see section 4.5).

Ethnic differences

As observed for angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors, telmisartan and the other angiotensin II receptor antagonists are apparently less effective in lowering blood pressure in black people than in non-blacks, possibly because of higher prevalence of low-renin states in the black hypertensive population.

Other

As with any antihypertensive agent, excessive reduction of blood pressure in patients with ischaemic cardiopathy or ischaemic cardiovascular disease could result in a myocardial infarction or stroke.

Excipients

Sorbitol

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets

This medicine contains 21.4 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets

This medicine contains 42.8 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets

This medicine contains 85.6 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Sodium

This medicinal product contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Digoxin

When telmisartan was co-administered with digoxin, median increases in digoxin peak plasma concentration (49%) and in trough concentration (20%) were observed. When initiating, adjusting, and discontinuing telmisartan, monitor digoxin levels in order to maintain levels within the therapeutic range.

As with other medicinal products acting on the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system, telmisartan may provoke hyperkalaemia (see section 4.4). The risk may increase in case of treatment combination with other medicinal products that may also provoke hyperkalaemia (salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, non steroidal antiinflammatory medicinal products (NSAIDs, including selective COX-2 inhibitors), heparin, immunosuppressives (cyclosporin or tacrolimus), and trimethoprim).

The occurrence of hyperkalaemia depends on associated risk factors. The risk is increased in case of the above-mentioned treatment combinations. The risk is particularly high in combination with potassium sparing-diuretics, and when combined with salt substitutes containing potassium. A combination with ACE inhibitors or NSAIDs, for example, presents a lesser risk provided that precautions for use are strictly followed.

Concomitant use not recommended

Potassium sparing diuretics or potassium supplements

Angiotensin II receptor antagonists such as telmisartan, attenuate diuretic induced potassium loss. Potassium sparing diuretics e.g. spironolactone, eplerenone, triamterene, or amiloride, potassium supplements, or potassium-containing salt substitutes may lead to a significant increase in serum potassium. If concomitant use is indicated because of documented hypokalaemia, they should be used with caution and with frequent monitoring of serum potassium.

Lithium

Reversible increases in serum lithium concentrations and toxicity have been reported during concomitant administration of lithium with angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors, and with angiotensin II receptor antagonists, including telmisartan. If use of the combination proves necessary, careful monitoring of serum lithium levels is recommended.

Concomitant use requiring caution

Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicinal products

NSAIDs (i.e. acetylsalicylic acid at anti-inflammatory dosage regimens, COX-2 inhibitors and nonselective NSAIDs) may reduce the antihypertensive effect of angiotensin II receptor antagonists. In some patients with compromised renal function (e.g. dehydrated patients or elderly patients with compromised renal function), the co-administration of angiotensin II receptor antagonists and agents that inhibit cyclo-oxygenase may result in further deterioration of renal function, including possible acute renal failure, which is usually reversible. Therefore, the combination should be administered with caution, especially in the elderly. Patients should be adequately hydrated and consideration should be given to monitoring of renal function after initiation of concomitant therapy and periodically thereafter.

In one study the co-administration of telmisartan and ramipril led to an increase of up to 2.5 fold in the AUC₀₋₂₄ and C_{max} of ramipril and ramiprilat. The clinical relevance of this observation is not known.

Diuretics (thiazide or loop diuretics)

Prior treatment with high dose diuretics such as furosemide (loop diuretic) and hydrochlorothiazide (thiazide diuretic) may result in volume depletion, and in a risk of hypotension when initiating therapy with telmisartan.

To be taken into account with concomitant use

Other antihypertensive agents

The blood pressure lowering effect of telmisartan can be increased by concomitant use of other antihypertensive medicinal products.

Clinical trial data has shown that dual blockade of the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone-system (RAAS) through the combined use of ACE-inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor blockers or aliskiren is associated with a higher frequency of adverse events such as hypotension, hyperkalaemia and decreased renal function (including acute renal failure) compared to the use of a single RAAS-acting agent (see sections 4.3, 4.4 and 5.1).

Based on their pharmacological properties it can be expected that the following medicinal products may potentiate the hypotensive effects of all antihypertensives including telmisartan: Baclofen, amifostine. Furthermore, orthostatic hypotension may be aggravated by alcohol, barbiturates, narcotics, or antidepressants.

Corticosteroids (systemic route)

Reduction of the antihypertensive effect.

4.6 Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

Pregnancy

The use of angiotensin II receptor antagonists is not recommended during the first trimester of pregnancy (see section 4.4). The use of angiotensin II receptor antagonists is contraindicated during the second and third trimester of pregnancy (see sections 4.3 and 4.4).

There are no adequate data from the use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in pregnant women. Studies in animals have shown reproductive toxicity (see section 5.3).

Epidemiological evidence regarding the risk of teratogenicity following exposure to ACE inhibitors during the first trimester of pregnancy has not been conclusive; however a small increase in risk cannot be excluded. Whilst there is no controlled epidemiological data on the risk with angiotensin II receptor antagonists, similar risks may exist for this class of drugs. Unless continued angiotensin II receptor antagonist therapy is considered essential, patients planning pregnancy should be changed to alternative anti-hypertensive treatments which have an established safety profile for use in pregnancy.

When pregnancy is diagnosed, treatment with angiotensin II receptor antagonists should be stopped immediately, and, if appropriate, alternative therapy should be started.

Exposure to angiotensin II receptor antagonist therapy during the second and third trimesters is known to induce human fetotoxicity (decreased renal function, oligohydramnios, skull ossification retardation) and neonatal toxicity (renal failure, hypotension, hyperkalaemia). (See section 5.3). Should exposure to angiotensin II receptor antagonists have occurred from the second trimester of pregnancy, ultrasound check of renal function and skull is recommended. Infants whose mothers have taken angiotensin II receptor antagonists should be closely observed for hypotension (see sections 4.3 and 4.4).

Breast-feeding

Because no information is available regarding the use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma during breast-feeding, Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended and alternative treatments with better established safety profiles during breast-feeding are preferable, especially while nursing a newborn or preterm infant.

Fertility

In preclinical studies, no effects of telmisartan on male and female fertility were observed.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

When driving vehicles or operating machinery it should be taken into account that dizziness or drowsiness may occasionally occur when taking antihypertensive therapy such as Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

4.8 Undesirable effects

Summary of the safety profile

Serious adverse drug reactions include anaphylactic reaction and angioedema which may occur rarely ($\geq 1/10,000$ to $< 1/1,000$), and acute renal failure.

The overall incidence of adverse reactions reported with telmisartan was usually comparable to placebo (41.4% vs 43.9 %) in controlled trials in patients treated for hypertension. The incidence of adverse reactions was not dose related and showed no correlation with gender, age or race of the patients. The safety profile of telmisartan in patients treated for the reduction of cardiovascular morbidity was consistent with that obtained in hypertensive patients.

The adverse reactions listed below have been accumulated from controlled clinical trials in patients treated for hypertension and from post-marketing reports. The listing also takes into account serious adverse reactions and adverse reactions leading to discontinuation reported in three clinical long-term studies including 21642 patients treated with telmisartan for the reduction of cardiovascular morbidity for up to six years.

Tabulated list of adverse reactions

Adverse reactions have been ranked under headings of frequency using the following convention: very common ($\geq 1/10$); common ($\geq 1/100$ to $< 1/10$); uncommon ($\geq 1/1,000$ to $< 1/100$); rare ($\geq 1/10,000$ to $< 1/1,000$); very rare ($< 1/10,000$).

Within each frequency grouping, adverse reactions are presented in order of decreasing seriousness.

Infections and infestations	
Uncommon:	Urinary tract infection including cystitis, upper respiratory tract infection including pharyngitis and sinusitis
Rare:	Sepsis including fatal outcome ¹
Blood and the lymphatic system disorders	
Uncommon:	Anaemia
Rare:	Eosinophilia, thrombocytopenia
Immune system disorders	
Rare:	Anaphylactic reaction, hypersensitivity
Metabolism and nutrition disorders	
Uncommon:	Hyperkalaemia
Rare:	Hypoglycaemia (in diabetic patients)
Psychiatric disorders	
Uncommon:	Insomnia, depression
Rare:	Anxiety
Nervous system disorders	

Uncommon:	Syncope
Rare:	Somnolence
Eye disorders	
Rare:	Visual disturbance
Ear and labyrinth disorders	
Uncommon:	Vertigo
Cardiac disorders	
Uncommon:	Bradycardia
Rare:	Tachycardia
Vascular disorders	
Uncommon:	Hypotension ² , orthostatic hypotension
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders	
Uncommon:	Dyspnoea, cough
Very rare:	Interstitial lung disease ⁴
Gastrointestinal disorders	
Uncommon:	Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dyspepsia, flatulence, vomiting
Rare:	Dry mouth, stomach discomfort, dysgeusia
Hepato-biliary disorders	
Rare:	Hepatic function abnormal/liver disorder ³
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	
Uncommon:	Pruritus, hyperhidrosis, rash
Rare:	Angioedema (also with fatal outcome), eczema, erythema, urticaria, drug eruption, toxic skin eruption
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	
Uncommon:	Back pain (e.g. sciatica), muscle spasms, myalgia
Rare:	Arthralgia, pain in extremities, tendon pain (tendinitis like symptoms)
Renal and urinary disorders	
Uncommon:	Renal impairment including acute renal failure
General disorders and administration site conditions	
Uncommon:	Chest pain, asthenia (weakness)
Rare:	Influenza-like illness
Investigations	
Uncommon:	Blood creatinine increased
Rare:	Haemoglobin decreased, blood uric acid increased, hepatic enzyme increased, blood creatine phosphokinase increased

^{1, 2, 3, 4}: for further descriptions, please see sub-section "*Description of selected adverse reactions*".

Description of selected adverse reactions

Sepsis

In the PRoFESS trial, an increased incidence of sepsis was observed with telmisartan compared with placebo. The event may be a chance finding or related to a mechanism currently not known (see section 5.1).

Hypotension

This adverse reaction was reported as common in patients with controlled blood pressure who were treated with telmisartan for the reduction of cardiovascular morbidity on top of standard care.

Hepatic function abnormal / liver disorder

Most cases of hepatic function abnormal / liver disorder from post-marketing experience occurred in Japanese patients. Japanese patients are more likely to experience these adverse reactions.

Interstitial lung disease

Cases of interstitial lung disease have been reported from post-marketing experience in temporal association with the intake of telmisartan. However, a causal relationship has not been established.

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicinal product. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions via [the national reporting system listed in Appendix V](#).

4.9 Overdose

There is limited information available with regard to overdose in humans.

Symptoms

The most prominent manifestations of telmisartan overdose were hypotension and tachycardia; bradycardia, dizziness, increase in serum creatinine, and acute renal failure have also been reported.

Management

Telmisartan is not removed by haemodialysis. The patient should be closely monitored, and the treatment should be symptomatic and supportive. Management depends on the time since ingestion and the severity of the symptoms. Suggested measures include induction of emesis and / or gastric lavage. Activated charcoal may be useful in the treatment of overdosage. Serum electrolytes and creatinine should be monitored frequently. If hypotension occurs, the patient should be placed in a supine position, with salt and volume replacement given quickly.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Angiotensin II Antagonists, plain, ATC Code: C09CA07.

Mechanism of action

Telmisartan is an orally active and specific angiotensin II receptor (type AT₁) antagonist. Telmisartan displaces angiotensin II with very high affinity from its binding site at the AT₁ receptor subtype, which is responsible for the known actions of angiotensin II. Telmisartan does not exhibit any partial agonist activity at the AT₁ receptor. Telmisartan selectively binds the AT₁ receptor. The binding is long-lasting. Telmisartan does not show affinity for other receptors, including AT₂ and other less characterised AT receptors. The functional role of these receptors is not known, nor is the effect of their possible overstimulation by angiotensin II, whose levels are increased by telmisartan. Plasma aldosterone levels are decreased by telmisartan. Telmisartan does not inhibit human plasma renin or block ion channels. Telmisartan does not

inhibit angiotensin converting enzyme (kininase II), the enzyme which also degrades bradykinin. Therefore it is not expected to potentiate bradykinin-mediated adverse effects.

In human, an 80 mg dose of telmisartan almost completely inhibits the angiotensin II evoked blood pressure increase. The inhibitory effect is maintained over 24 hours and still measurable up to 48 hours.

Clinical efficacy and safety

Treatment of essential hypertension

After the first dose of telmisartan, the antihypertensive activity gradually becomes evident within 3 hours. The maximum reduction in blood pressure is generally attained 4 to 8 weeks after the start of treatment and is sustained during long-term therapy.

The antihypertensive effect persists constantly over 24 hours after dosing and includes the last 4 hours before the next dose as shown by ambulatory blood pressure measurements. This is confirmed by trough to peak ratios consistently above 80 % seen after doses of 40 and 80 mg of telmisartan in placebo controlled clinical studies. There is an apparent trend to a dose relationship to a time to recovery of baseline systolic blood pressure (SBP). In this respect data concerning diastolic blood pressure (DBP) are inconsistent.

In patients with hypertension telmisartan reduces both systolic and diastolic blood pressure without affecting pulse rate. The contribution of the medicinal product's diuretic and natriuretic effect to its hypotensive activity has still to be defined. The antihypertensive efficacy of telmisartan is comparable to that of agents representative of other classes of antihypertensive medicinal products (demonstrated in clinical trials comparing telmisartan to amlodipine, atenolol, enalapril, hydrochlorothiazide, and lisinopril).

Upon abrupt cessation of treatment with telmisartan, blood pressure gradually returns to pre-treatment values over a period of several days without evidence of rebound hypertension.

The incidence of dry cough was significantly lower in patients treated with telmisartan than in those given angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors in clinical trials directly comparing the two antihypertensive treatments.

Cardiovascular prevention

ONTARGET (ONgoing Telmisartan Alone and in Combination with Ramipril Global Endpoint Trial) compared the effects of telmisartan, ramipril and the combination of telmisartan and ramipril on cardiovascular outcomes in 25620 patients aged 55 years or older with a history of coronary artery disease, stroke, TIA, peripheral arterial disease, or type 2 diabetes mellitus accompanied by evidence of end-organ damage (e.g. retinopathy, left ventricular hypertrophy, macro- or microalbuminuria), which is a population at risk for cardiovascular events.

Patients were randomized to one of the three following treatment groups: telmisartan 80 mg (n = 8542), ramipril 10 mg (n = 8576), or the combination of telmisartan 80 mg plus ramipril 10 mg (n = 8502), and followed for a mean observation time of 4.5 years.

Telmisartan showed a similar effect to ramipril in reducing the primary composite endpoint of cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, non-fatal stroke, or hospitalization for congestive heart failure. The incidence of the primary endpoint was similar in the telmisartan (16.7 %) and ramipril (16.5 %) groups. The hazard ratio for telmisartan vs. ramipril was 1.01 (97.5 % CI 0.93 - 1.10, p (non-inferiority) = 0.0019 at a margin of 1.13). The all-cause mortality rate was 11.6 % and 11.8 % among telmisartan and ramipril treated patients, respectively.

Two large randomised, controlled trials (ONTARGET (ONgoing Telmisartan Alone and in combination with Ramipril Global Endpoint Trial) and VA NEPHRON-D (The Veterans Affairs Nephropathy in Diabetes)) have examined the use of the combination of an ACE-inhibitor with an angiotensin II receptor blocker.

ONTARGET was a study conducted in patients with a history of cardiovascular or cerebrovascular disease, or type 2 diabetes mellitus accompanied by evidence of end-organ damage. VA NEPHRON-D was a study in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and diabetic nephropathy.

These studies have shown no significant beneficial effect on renal and/or cardiovascular outcomes and mortality, while an increased risk of hyperkalaemia, acute kidney injury and/or hypotension as compared to monotherapy was observed. Given their similar pharmacodynamic properties, these results are also relevant for other ACE-inhibitors and angiotensin II receptor blockers.

ACE-inhibitors and angiotensin II receptor blockers should therefore not be used concomitantly in patients with diabetic nephropathy.

ALTITUDE (Aliskiren Trial in Type 2 Diabetes Using Cardiovascular and Renal Disease Endpoints) was a study designed to test the benefit of adding aliskiren to a standard therapy of an ACE-inhibitor or an angiotensin II receptor blocker in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and chronic kidney disease, cardiovascular disease, or both. The study was terminated early because of an increased risk of adverse outcomes. Cardiovascular death and stroke were both numerically more frequent in the aliskiren group than in the placebo group and adverse events and serious adverse events of interest (hyperkalaemia, hypotension and renal dysfunction) were more frequently reported in the aliskiren group than in the placebo group.

Telmisartan was found to be similarly effective to ramipril in the pre-specified secondary endpoint of cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, and non-fatal stroke [0.99 (97.5 % CI 0.90 - 1.08), p (non-inferiority) = 0.0004], the primary endpoint in the reference study HOPE (The Heart Outcomes Prevention Evaluation Study), which had investigated the effect of ramipril vs. placebo.

TRANSCEND randomized ACE-I intolerant patients with otherwise similar inclusion criteria as ONTARGET to telmisartan 80 mg (n=2954) or placebo (n=2972), both given on top of standard care. The mean duration of follow up was 4 years and 8 months. No statistically significant difference in the incidence of the primary composite endpoint (cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, non-fatal stroke, or hospitalization for congestive heart failure) was found [15.7 % in the telmisartan and 17.0 % in the placebo groups with a hazard ratio of 0.92 (95 % CI 0.81 - 1.05, p = 0.22)]. There was evidence for a benefit of telmisartan compared to placebo in the pre-specified secondary composite endpoint of cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, and non-fatal stroke [0.87 (95 % CI 0.76 - 1.00, p = 0.048)]. There was no evidence for benefit on cardiovascular mortality (hazard ratio 1.03, 95 % CI 0.85 - 1.24).

Cough and angioedema were less frequently reported in patients treated with telmisartan than in patients treated with ramipril, whereas hypotension was more frequently reported with telmisartan.

Combining telmisartan with ramipril did not add further benefit over ramipril or telmisartan alone. CV mortality and all cause mortality were numerically higher with the combination. In addition, there was a significantly higher incidence of hyperkalaemia, renal failure, hypotension and syncope in the combination arm. Therefore the use of a combination of telmisartan and ramipril is not recommended in this population.

In the “Prevention Regimen For Effectively avoiding Second Strokes” (PRoFESS) trial in patients 50 years and older, who recently experienced stroke, an increased incidence of sepsis was noted for telmisartan compared with placebo, 0.70 % vs. 0.49 % [RR 1.43 (95 % confidence interval 1.00 - 2.06)]; the incidence of fatal sepsis cases was increased for patients taking telmisartan (0.33 %) vs. patients taking placebo (0.16 %) [RR 2.07 (95 % confidence interval 1.14 - 3.76)]. The observed increased occurrence rate of sepsis associated with the use of telmisartan may be either a chance finding or related to a mechanism not currently known.

Paediatric population

The safety and efficacy of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in children and adolescents aged below 18 years have not been established.

The blood pressure lowering effects of two doses of telmisartan were assessed in 76 hypertensive, largely overweight patients aged 6 to < 18 years (body weight \geq 20 kg and \leq 120 kg, mean 74.6 kg), after taking telmisartan 1 mg/kg (n = 29 treated) or 2 mg/kg (n = 31 treated) over a four-week treatment period. By inclusion the presence of secondary hypertension was not investigated. In some of the investigated patients

the doses used were higher than those recommended in the treatment of hypertension in the adult population, reaching a daily dose comparable to 160 mg, which was tested in adults. After adjustment for age group effects mean SBP changes from baseline (primary objective) were -14.5 (1.7) mm Hg in the telmisartan 2 mg/kg group, -9.7 (1.7) mm Hg in the telmisartan 1 mg/kg group, and -6.0 (2.4) in the placebo group. The adjusted DBP changes from baseline were -8.4 (1.5) mm Hg, -4.5 (1.6) mm Hg and -3.5 (2.1) mm Hg respectively. The change was dose dependent. The safety data from this study in patients aged 6 to < 18 years appeared generally similar to that observed in adults. The safety of long term treatment of telmisartan in children and adolescents was not evaluated.

An increase in eosinophils reported in this patient population has not been recorded in adults. Its clinical significance and relevance is unknown.

These clinical data do not allow to make conclusions on the efficacy and safety of telmisartan in hypertensive paediatric population.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Absorption

Absorption of telmisartan is rapid although the amount absorbed varies. The mean absolute bioavailability for telmisartan is about 50 %. When telmisartan is taken with food, the reduction in the area under the plasma concentration-time curve ($AUC_{0-\infty}$) of telmisartan varies from approximately 6 % (40 mg dose) to approximately 19 % (160 mg dose). By 3 hours after administration, plasma concentrations are similar whether telmisartan is taken fasting or with food.

Linearity/non-linearity

The small reduction in AUC is not expected to cause a reduction in the therapeutic efficacy. There is no linear relationship between doses and plasma levels. C_{max} and to a lesser extent AUC increase disproportionately at doses above 40 mg.

Distribution

Telmisartan is largely bound to plasma protein (>99.5 %), mainly albumin and alpha-1 acid glycoprotein. The mean steady state apparent volume of distribution (V_{dss}) is approximately 500 l.

Biotransformation

Telmisartan is metabolised by conjugation to the glucuronide of the parent compound. No pharmacological activity has been shown for the conjugate.

Elimination

Telmisartan is characterised by biexponential decay pharmacokinetics with a terminal elimination half-life of >20 hours. The maximum plasma concentration (C_{max}) and, to a smaller extent, the area under the plasma concentration-time curve (AUC), increase disproportionately with dose. There is no evidence of clinically relevant accumulation of telmisartan taken at the recommended dose. Plasma concentrations were higher in females than in males, without relevant influence on efficacy.

After oral (and intravenous) administration, telmisartan is nearly exclusively excreted with the faeces, mainly as unchanged compound. Cumulative urinary excretion is <1 % of dose. Total plasma clearance (Cl_{tot}) is high (approximately 1,000 ml/min) compared with hepatic blood flow (about 1,500 ml/min).

Special Populations

Paediatric population

The pharmacokinetics of two doses of telmisartan were assessed as a secondary objective in hypertensive patients (n = 57) aged 6 to < 18 years after taking telmisartan 1 mg/kg or 2 mg/kg over a four-week treatment period. Pharmacokinetic objectives included the determination of the steady-state of telmisartan in children and adolescents, and investigation of age-related differences. Although the study was too small for a meaningful assessment of the pharmacokinetics of children under 12 years of age, the results are generally consistent with the findings in adults and confirm the non-linearity of telmisartan, particularly for C_{max} .

Gender

Differences in plasma concentrations were observed, with C_{max} and AUC being approximately 3- and 2-fold higher, respectively, in females compared to males.

Elderly

The pharmacokinetics of telmisartan do not differ between the elderly and those younger than 65 years.

Renal impairment

In patients with mild to moderate and severe renal impairment, doubling of plasma concentrations was observed. However, lower plasma concentrations were observed in patients with renal insufficiency undergoing dialysis. Telmisartan is highly bound to plasma protein in renal-insufficient patients and cannot be removed by dialysis. The elimination half-life is not changed in patients with renal impairment.

Hepatic impairment

Pharmacokinetic studies in patients with hepatic impairment showed an increase in absolute bioavailability up to nearly 100 %. The elimination half-life is not changed in patients with hepatic impairment.

5.3 Preclinical safety data

In preclinical safety studies, doses producing exposure comparable to that in the clinical therapeutic range caused reduced red cell parameters (erythrocytes, haemoglobin, haematocrit), changes in renal haemodynamics (increased blood urea nitrogen and creatinine), as well as increased serum potassium in normotensive animals. In dogs, renal tubular dilation and atrophy were observed. Gastric mucosal injury (erosion, ulcers or inflammation) also was noted in rats and dogs. These pharmacologically mediated undesirable effects, known from preclinical studies with both angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors and angiotensin II receptor antagonists, were prevented by oral saline supplementation.

In both species, increased plasma renin activity and hypertrophy/hyperplasia of the renal juxtaglomerular cells were observed. These changes, also a class effect of angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors and other angiotensin II receptor antagonists, do not appear to have clinical significance.

No clear evidence of a teratogenic effect was observed, however at toxic dose levels of telmisartan an effect on the postnatal development of the offsprings such as lower body weight and delayed eye opening was observed.

There was no evidence of mutagenicity and relevant clastogenic activity in *in vitro* studies and no evidence of carcinogenicity in rats and mice.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel PH 102)

Sodium starch glycolate (Type A)

Poloxamers

Meglumine

Povidone (PVP K-30)

Sorbitol (E420)

Magnesium stearate

6.2 Incompatibilities

Not applicable.

6.3 Shelf life

2 years.

6.4 Special precautions for storage

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

6.5 Nature and contents of container

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets

Aluminium-Aluminium peelable perforated unit-dose blisters and aluminium-aluminium perforated unit-dose blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for peelable perforated blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for perforated blisters. Aluminium-Aluminium blisters : pack sizes of 28, 30 tablets

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets

Aluminium-Aluminium peelable perforated unit-dose blisters and aluminium-aluminium perforated unit-dose blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for peelable perforated blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for perforated blisters. Aluminium-Aluminium blisters : pack sizes of 28, 30 tablets

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets

Aluminium-Aluminium peelable perforated unit-dose blisters and aluminium-aluminium perforated unit-dose blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for peelable perforated blisters.

Pack sizes of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for perforated blisters. Aluminium-Aluminium blisters : pack sizes of 28, 30 tablets

Not all pack sizes may be marketed

6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling

No special requirements.

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.

Swensweg 5

2031GA Haarlem

The Netherlands

8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets

EU/1/11/719/001 Cartons of 14x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/002 Cartons of 28x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/003 Cartons of 30x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/004 Cartons of 40x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/005 Cartons of 56x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/006 Cartons of 60x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/007 Cartons of 84x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/008 Cartons of 90x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/009 Cartons of 98x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/010 Cartons of 100x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/011 Cartons of 14x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/012 Cartons of 28x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/013 Cartons of 30x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/014 Cartons of 40x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/015 Cartons of 56x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/016 Cartons of 60x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/017 Cartons of 84x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/018 Cartons of 90x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/019 Cartons of 98x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/020 Cartons of 100x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/063 Carton of 28 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/066 Carton of 30 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blisters

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets

EU/1/11/719/021 Cartons of 14x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/022 Cartons of 28x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/023 Cartons of 30x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/024 Cartons of 40x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/025 Cartons of 56x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/026 Cartons of 60x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/027 Cartons of 84x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/028 Cartons of 90x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/029 Cartons of 98x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/030 Cartons of 100x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/031 Cartons of 14x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/032 Cartons of 28x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/033 Cartons of 30x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters

EU/1/11/719/034	Cartons of 40x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/035	Cartons of 56x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/036	Cartons of 60x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/037	Cartons of 84x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/038	Cartons of 90x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/039	Cartons of 98x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/040	Cartons of 100x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/061	Carton of 30 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blister
EU/1/11/719/064	Carton of 28 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blister

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets

EU/1/11/719/041	Cartons of 14x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/042	Cartons of 28x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/043	Cartons of 30x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/044	Cartons of 40x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/045	Cartons of 56x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/046	Cartons of 60x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/047	Cartons of 84x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/048	Cartons of 90x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/049	Cartons of 98x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/050	Cartons of 100x1 tablets in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/051	Cartons of 14x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/052	Cartons of 28x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/053	Cartons of 30x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/054	Cartons of 40x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/055	Cartons of 56x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/056	Cartons of 60x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/057	Cartons of 84x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/058	Cartons of 90x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/059	Cartons of 98x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/060	Cartons of 100x1 tablets in perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters
EU/1/11/719/062	Carton of 30 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blister
EU/1/11/719/065	Carton of 28 tablets in aluminium-aluminium blister

9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION

Date of first authorisation: 3 October 2011

Date of latest renewal: 9 June 2016

10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

Detailed information on this medicinal product is available on the website of the European Medicines Agency <http://www.ema.europa.eu/>.

ANNEX II

- A. MANUFACTURERS RESPONSIBLE FOR BATCH RELEASE**
- B. CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS REGARDING SUPPLY AND USE**
- C. OTHER CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION**
- D. CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS WITH REGARD TO THE SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

A. MANUFACTURERS RESPONSIBLE FOR BATCH RELEASE

Name and address of the manufacturers responsible for batch release

Teva Pharmaceutical Works Private Limited Company
Pallagi út 13
HU-4042 Debrecen
Hungary

Pharmachemie B.V.
Swensweg 5,
2031 GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

The printed package leaflet of the medicinal product must state the name and address of the manufacturer responsible for the release of the concerned batch.

B. CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS REGARDING SUPPLY AND USE

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

C. OTHER CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION

- **Periodic Safety Update Reports**

The requirements for submission of periodic safety update reports for this medicinal product are set out in the list of Union reference dates (EURD list) provided for under Article 107c(7) of Directive 2001/83/EC and any subsequent updates published on the European medicines web-portal.

D. CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS WITH REGARD TO THE SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

- **Risk Management Plan (RMP)**

Not applicable

ANNEX III
LABELLING AND PACKAGE LEAFLET

A. LABELLING

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of peelable blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 20 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

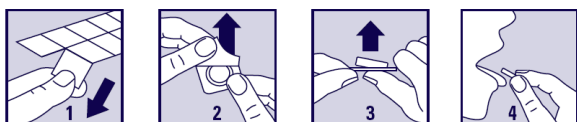
4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use

Read the package leaflet before use.



1. Separate one individual blister cell from the rest of the strip by gently tearing along the perforations around it
2. Carefully peel off the top paper layer
3. Push the tablet through the exposed foil
4. Put the tablet in your mouth and swallow with water or a suitable liquid

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS**10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE****11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

EU/1/11/719/001	14x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/002	28x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/003	30x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/004	40x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/005	56x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/006	60x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/007	84x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/008	90x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/009	98x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/010	100x1 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE**16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE**

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA

PC:
SN:
NN:

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 20 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets
28 tablets
30 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use
Read the package leaflet before use.

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS**10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE****11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

EU/1/11/719/011	14x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/012	28x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/013	30x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/014	40x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/015	56x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/016	60x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/017	84x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/018	90x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/019	98x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/020	100x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/063	28 tablets
EU/1/11/719/066	30 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE**16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE**

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA

PC:
SN:
NN:

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of peelable blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 40 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

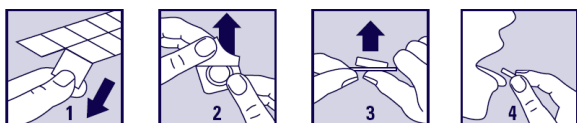
4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use

Read the package leaflet before use.



1. Separate one individual blister cell from the rest of the strip by gently tearing along the perforations around it
2. Carefully peel off the top paper layer
3. Push the tablet through the exposed foil
4. Put the tablet in your mouth and swallow with water or a suitable liquid

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS

10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE

11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

EU/1/11/719/021	14x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/022	28x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/023	30x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/024	40x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/025	56x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/026	60x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/027	84x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/028	90x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/029	98x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/030	100x1 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE

16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA

PC:
SN:
NN:

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 40 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets
30 tablets
28 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use
Read the package leaflet before use.

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS**10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE****11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

EU/1/11/719/031	14x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/032	28x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/033	30x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/034	40x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/035	56x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/036	60x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/037	84x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/038	90x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/039	98x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/040	100x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/061	30 tablets
EU/1/11/719/064	28 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE**16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE**

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA

PC:

SN:
NN:

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of peelable blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 80 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

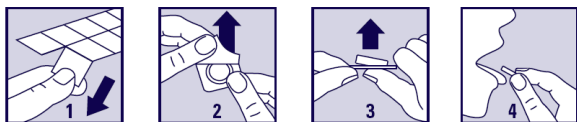
4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use

Read the package leaflet before use.



1. Separate one individual blister cell from the rest of the strip by gently tearing along the perforations around it
2. Carefully peel off the top paper layer
3. Push the tablet through the exposed foil
4. Put the tablet in your mouth and swallow with water or a suitable liquid

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS

10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE

11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

- EU/1/11/719/041 14x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/042 28x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/043 30x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/044 40x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/045 56x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/046 60x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/047 84x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/048 90x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/049 98x1 tablets
- EU/1/11/719/050 100x1 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE

16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA
--

PC:
SN:
NN:

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGING

Outer carton of blisters

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Each tablet contains 80 mg telmisartan

3. LIST OF EXCIPIENTS

Contains sorbitol (E420). Read the package leaflet for further information

4. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM AND CONTENTS

14x1 tablets
28x1 tablets
30x1 tablets
40x1 tablets
56x1 tablets
60x1 tablets
84x1 tablets
90x1 tablets
98x1 tablets
100x1 tablets
30 tablets
28 tablets

5. METHOD AND ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use
Read the package leaflet before use.

6. SPECIAL WARNING THAT THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT MUST BE STORED OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

7. OTHER SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

8. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

9. SPECIAL STORAGE CONDITIONS**10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS DERIVED FROM SUCH MEDICINAL PRODUCTS, IF APPROPRIATE****11. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

12. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

EU/1/11/719/051	14x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/052	28x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/053	30x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/054	40x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/055	56x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/056	60x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/057	84x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/058	90x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/059	98x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/060	100x1 tablets
EU/1/11/719/062	30 tablets
EU/1/11/719/065	28 tablets

13. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

14. GENERAL CLASSIFICATION FOR SUPPLY

Medicinal product subject to medical prescription.

15. INSTRUCTIONS ON USE**16. INFORMATION IN BRAILLE**

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg

17. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – 2D BARCODE

2D barcode carrying the unique identifier included.

18. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER – HUMAN READABLE DATA

PC:
SN:

NN:

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON BLISTERS OR STRIPS

Blister

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.

3. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

4. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

5. OTHER

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON BLISTERS OR STRIPS

Blister

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.

3. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

4. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

5. OTHER

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON BLISTERS OR STRIPS

Blister

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets
telmisartan

2. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Teva B.V.

3. EXPIRY DATE

EXP

4. BATCH NUMBER

Lot

5. OTHER

B. PACKAGE LEAFLET

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg Tablets

Telmisartan

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Telmisartan Teva Pharma
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for

Telmisartan Teva Pharma belongs to a class of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin II is a substance occurring in the body, which causes your blood vessels to narrow, thus increasing your blood pressure. Telmisartan Teva Pharma blocks this effect of angiotensin II so that the blood vessels relax, and your blood pressure is lowered.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is used to treat essential hypertension (high blood pressure) in adults. ‘Essential’ means that the high blood pressure is not caused by any other condition.

High blood pressure, if not treated, can damage blood vessels in several organs, which could lead sometimes to heart attacks, heart or kidney failure, strokes or blindness. There are usually no symptoms of high blood pressure before damage occurs. Thus it is important to regularly measure blood pressure to verify if it is within the normal range.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also used to reduce cardiovascular events (i.e. heart attack or stroke) in adults who are at risk because they have a reduced or blocked blood supply to the heart or legs, or have had a stroke or have high risk diabetes. Your doctor can tell you if you are at high risk for such events.

2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

- if you are allergic to telmisartan or any other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you are more than 3 months pregnant (It is also better to avoid Telmisartan Teva Pharma in early pregnancy – see pregnancy section).
- if you have severe liver problems such as cholestasis or biliary obstruction (problems with the drainage of the bile from the liver and gall bladder) or any other severe liver disease.
- if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren.

If any of the above applies to you, tell your doctor or pharmacist before taking Telmisartan Teva

Pharma.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor if you are suffering or have ever suffered from any of the following conditions or illnesses:

- Kidney disease or kidney transplant
- Renal artery stenosis (narrowing of the blood vessels to one or both kidneys)
- Liver disease
- Heart trouble
- Raised aldosterone levels (water and salt retention in the body along with imbalance of various blood minerals)
- Low blood pressure (hypotension), likely to occur if you are dehydrated (excessive loss of body water) or have salt deficiency due to diuretic therapy ('water tablets'), low-salt diet, diarrhoea, or vomiting.
- Elevated potassium levels in your blood
- Diabetes

Talk to your doctor before taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma:

- if you are taking digoxin.
- if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:
 - an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 - aliskiren.

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma".

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see pregnancy section).

In case of surgery or anaesthesia, you should tell your doctor that you are taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be less effective in lowering the blood pressure in black patients.

Children and adolescents

The use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in children and adolescents up to the age of 18 years is not recommended.

Other medicines and Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Your doctor may need to change the dose of these other medicines or take other precautions. In some cases you may have to stop taking one of the medicines. This applies especially to the medicines listed below taken at the same time with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

- Lithium containing medicines to treat some types of depression.
- Medicines that may increase blood potassium levels such as salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics (certain 'water tablets'), ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen), heparin, immunosuppressives (e.g. cyclosporin or tacrolimus), and the antibiotic trimethoprim.
- Diuretics ('water tablets'), especially if taken in high doses together with Telmisartan Teva Pharma, may lead to excessive loss of body water and low blood pressure (hypotension).
- If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma" and "Warnings and precautions").

- Digoxin.

The effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be reduced when you take NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen) or corticosteroids.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may increase the blood pressure lowering effect of other medicines used to treat high blood pressure.

If you suffer from a condition called “orthostatic hypotension” (a drop in blood pressure on standing up from a sitting or lying position resulting in dizziness or faintness) your condition may worsen if you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma in combination with:

- Other medicines used to treat high blood pressure
- Baclofen (a muscle relaxant)
- Amifostine (a protective medicine during radiotherapy for cancer treatment)
- Alcohol
- Barbiturates (strong sleeping tablets)
- Narcotics (strong pain killers)
- Antidepressants

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Pregnancy

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Telmisartan Teva Pharma. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

Breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed, especially if your baby is newborn, or was born prematurely.

Driving and using machines

Some people feel dizzy or tired when taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma. If you feel dizzy or tired, do not drive or operate machinery.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sorbitol.

This medicine contains 21.4 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sodium

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially ‘sodium-free’.

3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The recommended dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one tablet a day. Try to take the tablet at the same time each day. You can take Telmisartan Teva Pharma with or without food. The tablets should be swallowed with some water or other non-alcoholic drink. It is important that you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma every day until your doctor tells you otherwise. If you have the impression that the effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

For treatment of high blood pressure the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma for most patients is 40 mg once a day to control your blood pressure over the 24-hour period. Your doctor has recommended a lower

dose of one 20 mg tablet daily. Alternatively, Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be used in combination with diuretics ("water" tablets) such as hydrochlorothiazide which have been shown to have an additive blood pressure lowering effect with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

For reduction of cardiovascular events, the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one 80 mg tablet once a day. At the beginning of the preventive therapy with Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg, blood pressure should be frequently monitored.

If your liver is not working properly, the usual dose should not exceed 40 mg once a day.

If you take more Telmisartan Teva Pharma than you should

If you accidentally take too many tablets, contact your doctor, pharmacist, or your nearest hospital emergency department immediately.

If you forget to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

If you forget to take a dose, do not worry. Take it as soon as you remember then carry on as before. If you do not take your tablet on one day, take your normal dose on the next day. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Some side effects can be serious and need immediate medical attention:

You should see your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa (angioedema); these side effects are rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) but are extremely serious and patients should stop taking the medicine and see their doctor immediately. If these effects are not treated they could be fatal.

Possible side effects of telmisartan:

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

Low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for reduction of cardiovascular events.

Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

Urinary tract infections, upper respiratory tract infection (e.g. sore throat, inflamed sinuses, common cold), deficiency in red blood cells (anaemia), high potassium levels, difficulty falling asleep, feeling sad (depression), fainting (syncope), feeling of spinning (vertigo), slow heart rate (bradycardia), low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for high blood pressure, dizziness on standing up (orthostatic hypotension), shortness of breath, cough, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, discomfort in the abdomen, bloating, vomiting, itching, increased sweating, drug rash, back pain, muscle cramps, muscle pain (myalgia), kidney impairment including acute kidney failure, pain in the chest, feeling of weakness, and increased level of creatinine in the blood.

Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response which can lead to death), increase in certain white blood cells (eosinophilia), low platelet count (thrombocytopenia), severe allergic reaction (anaphylactic reaction), allergic reaction (e.g. rash, itching, difficulty breathing, wheezing, swelling of the face or low blood pressure), low blood sugar levels (in diabetic patients), feeling anxious, somnolence, impaired vision, fast heart beat (tachycardia), dry mouth, upset stomach, taste disturbance (dysgeusia), abnormal liver function (Japanese patients are more likely to experience these side effects), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa which can also lead to death

(angioedema also with fatal outcome), eczema (a skin disorder), redness of skin, hives (urticaria), severe drug rash, joint pain (arthralgia), pain in extremity, tendon pain, flu-like-illness, decreased haemoglobin (a blood protein), increased levels of uric acid, increased hepatic enzymes or creatine phosphokinase in the blood.

Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
Progressive scarring of lung tissue (interstitial lung disease)**.

* The event may have happened by chance or could be related to a mechanism currently not known.

**Cases of progressive scarring of lung tissue have been reported during intake of telmisartan. However, it is not known whether telmisartan was the cause.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system listed in [Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Telmisartan Teva

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains

- The active substance is telmisartan. Each Telmisartan Teva Pharma tablet contains 20 mg telmisartan.
- The other ingredients are microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel PH 102), sodium starch glycolate (Type A), poloxamers, meglumine, povidone (PVP K-30), sorbitol (E420), magnesium stearate

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma looks like and contents of the pack

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 20 mg tablets are white to off white, oval shaped tablets; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7458".

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is provided in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters and perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters containing 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for each type of blister presentation, although not all pack sizes may be marketed. Please note that instructions on how to remove the tablet from the blister strip are given on the outer carton of the peelable blisters.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also provided in aluminium-aluminium blister packs of 28 and 30 tablets.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

The Marketing Authorisation Holder is:

Teva B.V.
Swensweg 5
2031GA Haarlem
The Netherlands

The manufacturer is:

TEVA Pharmaceutical Works Private Limited Company
H-4042 Debrecen,
Pallagi út 13,
Hungary

Or:

Pharmachemie B.V.
Swensweg 5,
2031 GA, Haarlem,
The Netherlands

For any information about this medicinal product, please contact the local representative of the Marketing Authorisation Holder

België/Belgique/Belgien

Teva Pharma Belgium N.V./S.A./AG
Tél/Tel: +32 38207373

Lietuva

UAB Teva Baltics
Tel: +370 52660203

България

Тева Фарма ЕАД
Тел: +359 24899585

Luxembourg/Luxemburg

Teva Pharma Belgium N.V./S.A./AG
Belgique/Belgien
Tél/Tel: +32 38207373

Česká republika

Teva Pharmaceuticals CR, s.r.o.
Tel: +420 251007111

Magyarország

Teva Gyógyszergyár Zrt.
Tel: +36 12886400

Danmark

Teva Denmark A/S
Tlf: +45 44985511

Malta

Teva Pharmaceuticals Ireland
L-Irlanda
Tel: +44 2075407117

Deutschland

TEVA GmbH
Tel: +49 73140208

Nederland

Teva Nederland B.V.
Tel: +31 8000228400

Eesti

UAB Teva Baltics Eesti filiaal
Tel: +372 6610801

Norge

Teva Norway AS
Tlf: +47 66775590

Ελλάδα

Specifar A.B.E.E.
Τηλ: +30 2118805000

Österreich

ratiopharm Arzneimittel Vertriebs-GmbH
Tel: +43 1970070

España

Teva Pharma, S.L.U.
Tel: +34 913873280

Polska

Teva Pharmaceuticals Polska Sp. z o.o.
Tel: +48 223459300

France

Teva Santé
Tél: +33 155917800

Hrvatska

Pliva Hrvatska d.o.o.
Tel: +385 13720000

Ireland

Teva Pharmaceuticals Ireland
Tel: +44 2075407117

Ísland

Teva Pharma Iceland ehf.
Sími: +354 5503300

Italia

Teva Italia S.r.l.
Tel: +39 028917981

Κύπρος

Specifar A.B.E.E.
Ελλάδα
Τηλ: +30 2118805000

Latvija

UAB Teva Baltics filiāle Latvijā
Tel: +371 67323666

Portugal

Teva Pharma - Produtos Farmacêuticos,
Lda.
Tel: +351 214767550

România

Teva Pharmaceuticals S.R.L.
Tel: +40 212306524

Slovenija

Pliva Ljubljana d.o.o.
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Slovenská republika

TEVA Pharmaceuticals Slovakia s.r.o.
Tel: +421 257267911

Suomi/Finland

Teva Finland Oy
Puh/Tel: +358 201805900

Sverige

Teva Sweden AB
Tel: +46 42121100

United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

Teva Pharmaceuticals Ireland
Ireland
Tel: +44 2075407117

This leaflet was last revised in {MM/YYYY}.

Detailed information on this medicine is available on the European Medicines Agency web site:
<http://www.ema.europa.eu>.

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg Tablets Telmisartan

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Telmisartan Teva Pharma
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for

Telmisartan Teva Pharma belongs to a class of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin II is a substance occurring in the body, which causes your blood vessels to narrow, thus increasing your blood pressure. Telmisartan Teva Pharma blocks this effect of angiotensin II so that the blood vessels relax, and your blood pressure is lowered.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is used to treat essential hypertension (high blood pressure) in adults. ‘Essential’ means that the high blood pressure is not caused by any other condition.

High blood pressure, if not treated, can damage blood vessels in several organs, which could lead sometimes to heart attacks, heart or kidney failure, strokes or blindness. There are usually no symptoms of high blood pressure before damage occurs. Thus it is important to regularly measure blood pressure to verify if it is within the normal range.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also used to reduce cardiovascular events (i.e. heart attack or stroke) in adults who are at risk because they have a reduced or blocked blood supply to the heart or legs, or have had a stroke or have high risk diabetes. Your doctor can tell you if you are at high risk for such events.

2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

- if you are allergic to telmisartan or any other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you are more than 3 months pregnant (It is also better to avoid Telmisartan Teva Pharma in early pregnancy – see pregnancy section).
- if you have severe liver problems such as cholestasis or biliary obstruction (problems with the drainage of the bile from the liver and gall bladder) or any other severe liver disease.
- if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren.

If any of the above applies to you, tell your doctor or pharmacist before taking Telmisartan Teva

Pharma.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor if you are suffering or have ever suffered from any of the following conditions or illnesses:

- Kidney disease or kidney transplant
- Renal artery stenosis (narrowing of the blood vessels to one or both kidneys)
- Liver disease
- Heart trouble
- Raised aldosterone levels (water and salt retention in the body along with imbalance of various blood minerals)
- Low blood pressure (hypotension), likely to occur if you are dehydrated (excessive loss of body water) or have salt deficiency due to diuretic therapy ('water tablets'), low-salt diet, diarrhoea, or vomiting.
- Elevated potassium levels in your blood
- Diabetes

Talk to your doctor before taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma:

- if you are taking digoxin.
- if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:
 - an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 - aliskiren.

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma".

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see pregnancy section).

In case of surgery or anaesthesia, you should tell your doctor that you are taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be less effective in lowering the blood pressure in black patients.

Children and adolescents

The use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in children and adolescents up to the age of 18 years is not recommended.

Other medicines and Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Your doctor may need to change the dose of these other medicines or take other precautions. In some cases you may have to stop taking one of the medicines. This applies especially to the medicines listed below taken at the same time with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

- Lithium containing medicines to treat some types of depression.
- Medicines that may increase blood potassium levels such as salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics (certain 'water tablets'), ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen), heparin, immunosuppressives (e.g. cyclosporin or tacrolimus), and the antibiotic trimethoprim.
- Diuretics ('water tablets'), especially if taken in high doses together with Telmisartan Teva Pharma, may lead to excessive loss of body water and low blood pressure (hypotension).
- If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma" and "Warnings and precautions"). Digoxin.

The effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be reduced when you take NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen) or corticosteroids.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may increase the blood pressure lowering effect of other medicines used to treat high blood pressure.

If you suffer from a condition called “orthostatic hypotension” (a drop in blood pressure on standing up from a sitting or lying position resulting in dizziness or faintness) your condition may worsen if you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma in combination with:

- Other medicines used to treat high blood pressure
- Baclofen (a muscle relaxant)
- Amifostine (a protective medicine during radiotherapy for cancer treatment)
- Alcohol
- Barbiturates (strong sleeping tablets)
- Narcotics (strong pain killers)
- Antidepressants

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Pregnancy

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Telmisartan Teva Pharma. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

Breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed, especially if your baby is newborn, or was born prematurely.

Driving and using machines

Some people feel dizzy or tired when they taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma. If you feel dizzy or tired, do not drive or operate machinery.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sorbitol.

This medicine contains 42.8 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sodium

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially ‘sodium-free’.

3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The recommended dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one tablet a day. Try to take the tablet at the same time each day. You can take Telmisartan Teva Pharma with or without food. The tablets should be swallowed with some water or other non-alcoholic drink. It is important that you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma every day until your doctor tells you otherwise. If you have the impression that the effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

For treatment of high blood pressure, the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma for most patients is 40 mg once a day to control your blood pressure over the 24-hour period. However, sometimes your doctor may recommend a lower dose of 20 mg or a higher dose of 80 mg. Alternatively, Telmisartan Teva Pharma may

be used in combination with diuretics (“water” tablets) such as hydrochlorothiazide which have been shown to have an additive blood pressure lowering effect with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

For reduction of cardiovascular events, the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one 80 mg tablet once a day. At the beginning of the preventive therapy with Telmisartan Teva 80 mg, blood pressure should be frequently monitored.

If your liver is not working properly, the usual dose should not exceed 40 mg once a day.

If you take more Telmisartan Teva Pharma than you should

If you accidentally take too many tablets, contact your doctor, pharmacist, or your nearest hospital emergency department immediately.

If you forget to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

If you forget to take a dose, do not worry. Take it as soon as you remember then carry on as before. If you do not take your tablet on one day, take your normal dose on the next day. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Some side effects can be serious and need immediate medical attention:

You should see your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa (angioedema); these side effects are rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) but are extremely serious and patients should stop taking the medicine and see their doctor immediately. If these effects are not treated they could be fatal.

Possible side effects of telmisartan:

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

Low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for reduction of cardiovascular events.

Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

Urinary tract infections, upper respiratory tract infection (e.g. sore throat, inflamed sinuses, common cold), deficiency in red blood cells (anaemia), high potassium levels, difficulty falling asleep, feeling sad (depression), fainting (syncope), feeling of spinning (vertigo), slow heart rate (bradycardia), low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for high blood pressure, dizziness on standing up (orthostatic hypotension), shortness of breath, cough, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, discomfort in the abdomen, bloating, vomiting, itching, increased sweating, drug rash, back pain, muscle cramps, muscle pain (myalgia), kidney impairment including acute kidney failure, pain in the chest, feeling of weakness, and increased level of creatinine in the blood.

Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response which can lead to death), increase in certain white blood cells (eosinophilia), low platelet count (thrombocytopenia), severe allergic reaction (anaphylactic reaction), allergic reaction (e.g. rash, itching, difficulty breathing, wheezing, swelling of the face or low blood pressure), low blood sugar levels (in diabetic patients), feeling anxious, somnolence, impaired vision, fast heart beat (tachycardia), dry mouth, upset stomach, taste disturbance (dysgeusia), abnormal liver function (Japanese patients are more likely to experience these side effects), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa which can also lead to death (angioedema also with fatal outcome), eczema (a skin disorder), redness of skin, hives (urticaria), severe

drug rash, joint pain (arthralgia), pain in extremity, tendon pain, flu-like-illness, decreased haemoglobin (a blood protein), increased levels of uric acid, increased hepatic enzymes or creatine phosphokinase in the blood.

Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
Progressive scarring of lung tissue (interstitial lung disease)**.

* The event may have happened by chance or could be related to a mechanism currently not known.

** Cases of progressive scarring of lung tissue have been reported during intake of telmisartan. However, it is not known whether telmisartan was the cause.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system listed in [Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains

- The active substance is telmisartan. Each Telmisartan Teva Pharma tablet contains 40 mg telmisartan.
- The other ingredients are microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel PH 102), sodium starch glycolate (Type A), poloxamers, meglumine, povidone (PVP K-30), sorbitol (E420), magnesium stearate

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma looks like and contents of the pack

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 40 mg tablets are white to off white, oval shaped tablets; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7459".

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is provided in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters and perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters containing 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for each type of blister presentation, although not all pack sizes may be marketed. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also provided in aluminium-aluminium blister packs of 28 and 30 tablets.

Please note that instructions on how to remove the tablet from the blister strip are given on the outer carton of the peelable blisters.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

The Marketing Authorisation Holder is:

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The manufacturer is:

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This leaflet was last revised in {MM/YYYY}.

Detailed information on this medicine is available on the European Medicines Agency web site:
<http://www.ema.europa.eu>.

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg Tablets

Telmisartan

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Telmisartan Teva Pharma
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Telmisartan Teva Pharma is and what it is used for

Telmisartan Teva Pharma belongs to a class of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin II is a substance occurring in the body, which causes your blood vessels to narrow, thus increasing your blood pressure. Telmisartan Teva Pharma blocks this effect of angiotensin II so that the blood vessels relax, and your blood pressure is lowered.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is used to treat essential hypertension (high blood pressure) in adults. 'Essential' means that the high blood pressure is not caused by any other condition.

High blood pressure, if not treated, can damage blood vessels in several organs, which could lead sometimes to heart attacks, heart or kidney failure, strokes or blindness. There are usually no symptoms of high blood pressure before damage occurs. Thus it is important to regularly measure blood pressure to verify if it is within the normal range.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also used to reduce cardiovascular events (i.e. heart attack or stroke) in adults who are at risk because they have a reduced or blocked blood supply to the heart or legs, or have had a stroke or have high risk diabetes. Your doctor can tell you if you are at high risk for such events.

2. What you need to know before you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

- if you are allergic to telmisartan or any other ingredients of medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you are more than 3 months pregnant (It is also better to avoid Telmisartan Teva Pharma in early pregnancy – see pregnancy section).
- if you have severe liver problems such as cholestasis or biliary obstruction (problems with the drainage of the bile from the liver and gall bladder) or any other severe liver disease.
- if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren.

If any of the above applies to you, tell your doctor or pharmacist before taking Telmisartan Teva

Pharma.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor if you are suffering or have ever suffered from any of the following conditions or illnesses:

- Kidney disease or kidney transplant
- Renal artery stenosis (narrowing of the blood vessels to one or both kidneys)
- Liver disease
- Heart trouble
- Raised aldosterone levels (water and salt retention in the body along with imbalance of various blood minerals)
- Low blood pressure (hypotension), likely to occur if you are dehydrated (excessive loss of body water) or have salt deficiency due to diuretic therapy ('water tablets'), low-salt diet, diarrhoea, or vomiting.
- Elevated potassium levels in your blood
- Diabetes

Talk to your doctor before taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma:

- if you are taking digoxin.
- if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:
 - an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 - aliskiren.

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma".

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see pregnancy section).

In case of surgery or anaesthesia, you should tell your doctor that you are taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be less effective in lowering the blood pressure in black patients.

Children and adolescents

The use of Telmisartan Teva Pharma in children and adolescents up to the age of 18 years is not recommended.

Other medicines and Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Your doctor may need to change the dose of these other medicines or take other precautions. In some cases you may have to stop taking one of the medicines. This applies especially to the medicines listed below taken at the same time with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

- Lithium containing medicines to treat some types of depression.
- Medicines that may increase blood potassium levels such as salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics (certain 'water tablets'), ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen), heparin, immunosuppressives (e.g. cyclosporin or tacrolimus), and the antibiotic trimethoprim.
- Diuretics ('water tablets'), especially if taken in high doses together with Telmisartan Teva Pharma, may lead to excessive loss of body water and low blood pressure (hypotension).
- If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings "Do not take Telmisartan Teva Pharma" and "Warnings and precautions").
- Digoxin.

The effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be reduced when you take NSAIDs (non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen) or corticosteroids.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma may increase the blood pressure lowering effect of other medicines used to treat high blood pressure.

If you suffer from a condition called “orthostatic hypotension” (a drop in blood pressure on standing up from a sitting or lying position resulting in dizziness or faintness) your condition may worsen if you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma in combination with:

- Other medicines used to treat high blood pressure
- Baclofen (a muscle relaxant)
- Amifostine (a protective medicine during radiotherapy for cancer treatment)
- Alcohol
- Barbiturates (strong sleeping tablets)
- Narcotics (strong pain killers)
- Antidepressants

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Pregnancy

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Telmisartan Teva Pharma. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

Breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed, especially if your baby is newborn, or was born prematurely.

Driving and using machines

Some people feel dizzy or tired when taking Telmisartan Teva Pharma. If you feel dizzy or tired, do not drive or operate machinery.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sorbitol.

This medicine contains 85.6 mg sorbitol in each tablet.

Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains sodium

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially ‘sodium-free’.

3. How to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The recommended dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one tablet a day. Try to take the tablet at the same time each day. You can take Telmisartan Teva Pharma with or without food. The tablets should be swallowed with some water or other non-alcoholic drink. It is important that you take Telmisartan Teva Pharma every day until your doctor tells you otherwise. If you have the impression that the effect of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

For treatment of high blood pressure, the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma for most patients is 40 mg once a day to control your blood pressure over the 24-hour period. Your doctor has recommended a higher dose of one 80 mg tablet daily. Alternatively, Telmisartan Teva Pharma may be used in combination with

diuretics (“water” tablets) such as hydrochlorothiazide which have been shown to have an additive blood pressure lowering effect with Telmisartan Teva Pharma.

For reduction of cardiovascular events, the usual dose of Telmisartan Teva Pharma is one 80 mg tablet once a day. At the beginning of the preventive therapy with Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg, blood pressure should be frequently monitored.

If your liver is not working properly, the usual dose should not exceed 40 mg once a day.

If you take more Telmisartan Teva Pharma than you should

If you accidentally take too many tablets, contact your doctor, pharmacist, or your nearest hospital emergency department immediately.

If you forget to take Telmisartan Teva Pharma

If you forget to take a dose, do not worry. Take it as soon as you remember then carry on as before. If you do not take your tablet on one day, take your normal dose on the next day. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Some side effects can be serious and need immediate medical attention:

You should see your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa (angioedema); these side effects are rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) but are extremely serious and patients should stop taking the medicine and see their doctor immediately. If these effects are not treated they could be fatal.

Possible side effects of telmisartan:

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

Low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for reduction of cardiovascular events.

Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

Urinary tract infections, upper respiratory tract infection (e.g. sore throat, inflamed sinuses, common cold), deficiency in red blood cells (anaemia), high potassium levels, difficulty falling asleep, feeling sad (depression), fainting (syncope), feeling of spinning (vertigo), slow heart rate (bradycardia), low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for high blood pressure, dizziness on standing up (orthostatic hypotension), shortness of breath, cough, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, discomfort in the abdomen, bloating, vomiting, itching, increased sweating, drug rash, back pain, muscle cramps, muscle pain (myalgia), kidney impairment including acute kidney failure, pain in the chest, feeling of weakness, and increased level of creatinine in the blood.

Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

Sepsis* (often called "blood poisoning", is a severe infection with whole-body inflammatory response which can lead to death), increase in certain white blood cells (eosinophilia), low platelet count (thrombocytopenia), severe allergic reaction (anaphylactic reaction), allergic reaction (e.g. rash, itching, difficulty breathing, wheezing, swelling of the face or low blood pressure), low blood sugar levels (in diabetic patients), feeling anxious, somnolence, impaired vision, fast heart beat (tachycardia), dry mouth, upset stomach, taste disturbance (dysgeusia), abnormal liver function (Japanese patients are more likely to experience these side effects), rapid swelling of the skin and mucosa which can also lead to death (angioedema also with fatal outcome), eczema (a skin disorder), redness of skin, hives (urticaria), severe

drug rash, joint pain (arthralgia), pain in extremity, tendon pain,, flu-like-illness, decreased haemoglobin (a blood protein), increased levels of uric acid, increased hepatic enzymes or creatine phosphokinase in the blood.

Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):

Progressive scarring of lung tissue (interstitial lung disease)**.

* The event may have happened by chance or could be related to a mechanism currently not known.

** Cases of progressive scarring of lung tissue have been reported during intake of telmisartan. However, it is not known whether telmisartan was the cause.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system listed in [Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Telmisartan Teva Pharma

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma contains

- The active substance is telmisartan. Each Telmisartan Teva Pharma tablet contains 80 mg telmisartan.
- The other ingredients are microcrystalline cellulose (Avicel PH 102), sodium starch glycolate (Type A), poloxamers, meglumine, povidone (PVP K-30), sorbitol (E420), magnesium stearate

What Telmisartan Teva Pharma looks like and contents of the pack

Telmisartan Teva Pharma 80 mg tablets are white to off white, oval shaped tablets; one side of the tablet is debossed with the number "93". The other side of the tablet is debossed with the number "7460".

Telmisartan Teva Pharma is provided in peelable perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters and perforated unit-dose aluminium-aluminium blisters containing 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 40x1, 56x1, 60x1, 84x1, 90x1, 98x1, 100x1 tablets for each type of blister presentation, although not all pack sizes may be marketed. Telmisartan Teva Pharma is also provided in aluminium-aluminium blister packs of 28 and 30 tablets.

Please note that instructions on how to remove the tablet from the blister strip are given on the outer carton of the peelable blisters.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

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Swensweg 5
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The manufacturer is:

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